DISCHARGE CRITERIA FOR COVID-19 PATIENTS

Revised Discharge Policy for COVID-19

The revised discharge policy is aligned with the guidelines on the 3 tier COVID facilities and the categorization of the patients based on clinical severity—

1. Mild/very mild/pre-symptomatic cases

Mild/very mild/pre-symptomatic cases admitted to a COVID Care Facility will undergo regular temperature and pulse oximetry monitoring. The patient can be discharged after 10 days of symptom onset and no fever for 3 days. There will be no need for testing prior to discharge.

At the time of discharge, the patient will be advised to isolate himself at home and self-monitor their health for further 7 days.

At any point of time, prior to discharge from CCC, if the oxygen saturation dips below 95%, patient is moved to Dedicated COVID Health Centre (DCHC).

After discharge from the facility, if he/she again develops symptoms of fever, cough or breathing difficulty he will contact the COVID Care Centre or State helpline or 1075. His/her health will again be followed up through tele-conference on 14th day.

2. Moderate cases admitted to Dedicated COVID Health Centre (Oxygen beds)

2.1. Patients whose symptoms resolve within 3 days and maintains saturation above 95% for the next 4 days

Cases clinically classified as "moderate cases" will undergo monitoring of body temperature and oxygen saturation. If the fever resolve within 3 days and the patient maintains saturation above 95% for the next 4 days (without oxygen support), such patient will be discharged after 10 days of symptom onset in case of:

- 1. Absence of fever without antipyretics
- 2. Resolution of breathlessness
- 3. No oxygen requirement

There will be no need for testing prior to discharge.

At the time of discharge, the patient will be advised to isolate himself at home and self-monitor their health for further 7 days.

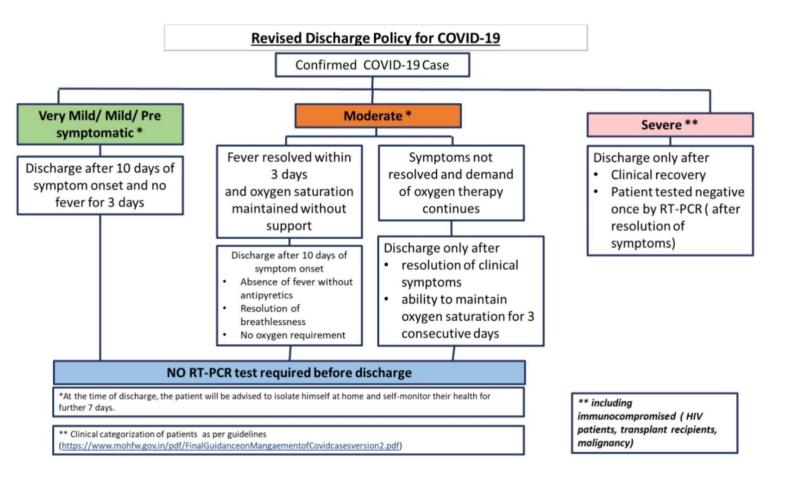
2.2.Patient on Oxygenation whose fever does not resolve within 3 days and demand of oxygen therapy continues

Such patients will be discharged only after:

- 1. resolution of clinical symptoms
- 2. ability to maintain oxygen saturation for 3 consecutive days 3. Severe Cases including immunocompromised (HIV patients, transplant recipients, malignancy)

Discharge criteria for severe cases will be based on :

- 1. Clinical recovery
- 2. Patient tested negative once by RT-PCR (after resolution of symptoms)



SOURCE

* https://www.mohfw.gov.in/pdf/ ReviseddischargePolicyforCOVID19.pdf

Interns -

Mohit mittal

Manisha verma

Kanha ram kumhar

Nida kaushar

Rahul kumar

Deenanath chauhan